# IPSI Strategy and Plan of Action 2023-2030

Yoko Watanabe

Chair, sub-committee for PoA revision



In 2021, a sub-committee was established by the Chair of the IPSI Steering Committee (SC) as authorized by the IPSI Operational Guidelines. The sub-committee was made up of fifteen IPSI members, with Ms. Yoko Watanabe (UNDP) appointed as the sub-committee's Chair.

# • Sub-committee members

- Akane Nakamura, UNESCO World Heritage Centre
- Chemuku Wekesa, Kenya Forestry Research Institute
- Elliot Haruna Alhassan, University for Development Studies
- Florence Mayocyoc-Daguitan, Indigenous Peoples' International Centre for Policy Research and Education
- Hideki Kawai, Ministry of the Environment, Government of Japan
- John J. Leigh and Jorge Malleux, Asociación Pro Desarrollo Agroindustrial de Camaná
- Liu Jinlong, Centre of Forest, Environment and Resources Policy Study, Renmin University of China
- Maheswar Ghimire, Society for Environmental Conservation and Agriculture Research and Development
- Nadesapanicker Anil Kumar, M. S. Swaminathan Research Foundation
- Paul Watts, Daluhay Daly ng Buhay Inc.
- Paulina G. Karimova, National Dong Hwa University, Taiwan
- Ruth Spencer, Marine Ecosystems Protected Areas Trust
- Thai Van Nguyen, Research Center for Rural Development, An Giang University
- Yasuo Takahashi, Institute for Global Environmental Strategies
- Yoko Watanabe, United Nations Development Programme / Chair



The sub-committee met five times to prepare a comprehensive update of the Strategy and PoA, and reflected the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework and inputs from the IPSI Steering Committee.

#### 1<sup>st</sup> meeting: 24 September 2021

- Appointment of the Chair
- Review of the IPSI 's past activities

# 2<sup>nd</sup> meeting: 1 December 2021

- Review of the IPSI 's past activities
- Overall Structure of the Strategy and Plan of Action
- Background, Vision, Mission and Strategic Objectives

#### 30 June 2023

• Submission of final draft Starategy and PoA to the SC chair

# 5<sup>th</sup> meeting: 21 June 2023

• Revised Strategy and Plan of Action

SC-18 supplementary meeting: 24 May 2023

• Inputs to the draft Strategy and Plan of Action

### 3<sup>rd</sup> meeting: 13 June 2022

- Review of the IPSI 's past activities
- Result of the COVID-19 Survery
- Structure of the Strategy and Plan of Action
- Strategic Objectives

4<sup>th</sup> meeting: 10 October 2022

Draft Strategy and Plan of Action

CBD COP-15: 7-19 December2022

18<sup>th</sup> Steering Committee meeting (SC-18): 28 February 2023

• Inputs to the draft Strategy and Plan of Action



#### STRATEGY for the International Partnership for the Sategoarde Initiative (1951)



apes and seascapes for the benefit o

# Strategy

- Vision
- Mission
- Strategic Objectives
- Monitoring and Reporting



# **IPSI Strategy and Plan of Action 2023-2030**

- Vision
- Mission
- Strategic Objectives
  - Outcomes
  - Priority Actions
- Monitoring, Reporting and Evaluations
- Indicators

#### Plan of Action 2013-2020

- Priority Actions
- Mechinism to implement PAs
- Monitoring, Reporting and Evaluation

#### synergy with global goals

such as the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development,

Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework and the UN Decade on Ecosystem Restoration

> Institutional approach to mainstream the concept of SEPLS and to support SEPLS management on the ground



### Vision

The vision of the International Partnership for the Satoyama Initiative is to realize societies in harmony with nature. In such societies, human communities <u>practice</u>, develop, and maintain socio-economic activities aligned with natural processes, bearing in mind, among other things, the impacts of <u>loss of biodiversity</u>, desertification, climate change, and <u>disease transmission</u>. By managing and using biological resources sustainably and thus maintaining and nurturing biodiversity and ecosystem resilience, humans will <u>experience productive landscapes and seascapes</u> that provide a stable supply of ecosystem services <u>and goods</u> well into the future.



# Mission

The strategic mission of the International Partnership for the Satoyama Initiative is to:

- a. Work together within the partnership and with non-member networks and/or organizations dealing with socioecological production landscapes and seascapes (SEPLS) to promote and support the concept of SEPLS and actions towards their revitalization and sustainable management building on the knowledge and culture of Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities;
- Enhance the contribution of SEPLS to achieve the objectives of the Rio Conventions and the implementation of other relevant international agreements, including, among others, <u>the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development</u>, <u>the</u> <u>Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework</u>, and the United Nations Decade on Ecosystem Restoration; and
- c. Promote the concrete benefits <u>of SEPLS</u> to the environment <u>and society, including biodiversity conservation</u>, <u>restoration and sustainable use, climate change mitigation and adaptation, disaster risk reduction</u>, livelihood support, <u>relevance to health</u>, <u>sustainable food systems</u>, and <u>human well-being</u>.



### IPSI Strategy and Plan of Action 2023-2030: Update of Vision and Mission

# Action Plan 2013-2020

**Objective 1** Increase knowledge and understanding of SEPLS.

# **Objective 2**

Address the direct and underlying causes responsible for the decline or loss of biological and cultural diversity as well as ecological and socio-economic services from SEPLS.

**Objective 3** Enhance benefits from SEPLS.

# Objective 4

Enhance the human, institutional and sustainable financial capacities for the implementation of the Satoyama Initiative.

# Action Plan 2023-2030

**Objective 1** 

Knowledge Co-Production, Management, and Uptake

Objective 2

Institutional Frameworks and Capacity Development

**Objective 3** Area-Based Conservation Measures

**Objective 4** Ecosystem Restoration

**Objective 5** Sustainable Value Chain Development



#### Objective 1 Knowledge Co-Production, Management, and Uptake

Conduct research and knowledge management related to landscape and seascape approaches to address direct and underlying causes responsible for the loss of biological and cultural diversity as well as ecological and socio-economic services from SEPLS.

#### Objective 2 Institutional Frameworks and Capacity Development

Strengthen institutional frameworks and develop capacity to integrate landscape and seascape approaches into policies and cross-sectoral strategies related to biodiversity, climate change, sustainable land and sea management, health, agri-food systems, and disaster risk reduction to maintain or enhance the contribution of SEPLS towards effective implementation of environmental and societal policy goals.



#### **Objective 3 Area-Based Conservation Measures:**

Promote effective conservation and management through protected areas and other effective area-based conservation measures (OECMs), recognizing indigenous and traditional territories where applicable, and facilitate their integration into the wider landscape and seascape to contribute to the relevant targets of the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework.

#### Objective 4 Ecosystem Restoration:

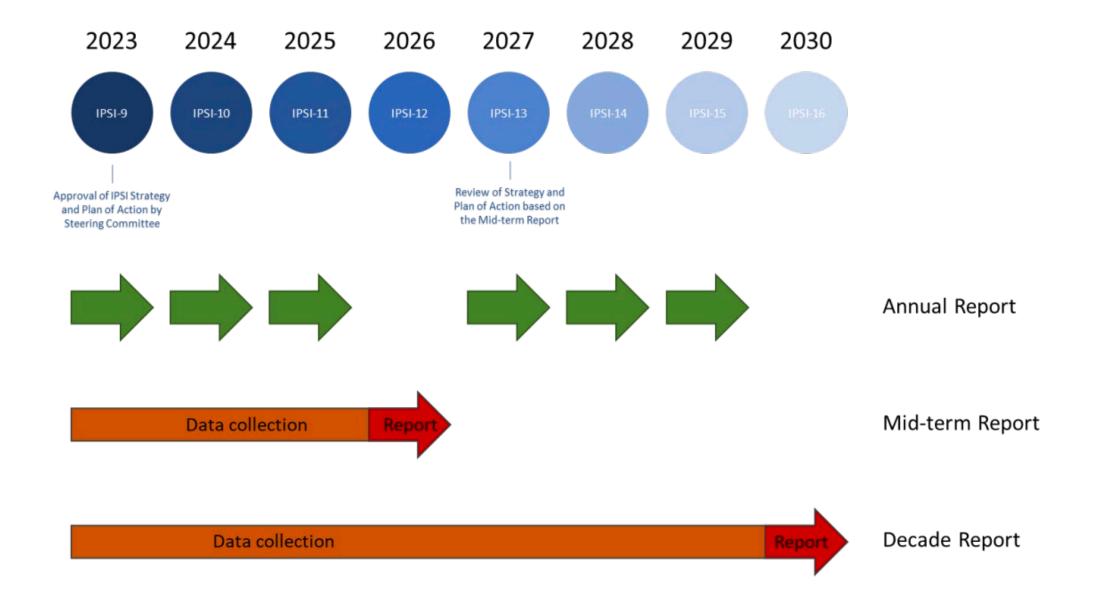
Promote the restoration of SEPLS and contribute to the goals of the United Nations Decade on Ecosystem Restoration and relevant targets of the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework.

#### **Objective 5 Sustainable Value Chain Development:**

Promote sustainable practices, market-based mechanisms, and value chains to support sustainable production, including customary sustainable use and economies that rely on traditional knowledge and cultural values and practices, from SEPLS to contribute to the achievement of relevant targets of the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework.



#### IPSI Strategy and Plan of Action 2023-2030: Monitoring, Reporting and Evaluation



#### IPSI Strategy and Plan of Action 2023-2030: Monitoring, Reporting and Evaluation

The following indicators will be taken into account to measure the progress of implementing the strategic objectives during the process of developing mid-term and final implementation reports.

indicators	objectives
Number of IPSI members	1
Number of case studies	1
Number of publications on SEPLS produced by IPSI and its members, including academic papers, SITR, books, and report	1
Number of IPSI newsletters published	1
Number of academic papers and publications which refer to IPSI-related work	1, 2
Number of MEA decisions and NBSAPs referring to IPSI-related work	2
Number of IPSI-related conferences and meetings	2
Number of people trained by relevant capacity development activities	2
Increased capacities of IPSI members and related stakeholders in knowledge documentation and transfer, research, and educational activities concerning SEPLS management	2
Number and area of SEPLS reported as PAs and/or OECMs	3
Better management effectiveness of PAs and/or OECMs through SEPLS management	3



The following indicators will be taken into account to measure the progress of implementing the strategic objectives during the process of developing mid-term and final implementation reports.

indicators	objectives
Number of IPSI member organizations engaged in restoration activities	4
Number and area or volume of SEPLS under ecosystem restoration	4
Number of IPSI members able to take advantage of sustainable trade initiatives	5
Number of case studies documenting best practices and success stories of economic, market, and financial mechanisms	5
Increase in uptake of products from SEPLS and the SEPLS concept in activities of actors outside the SEPLS (e.g. consumers, planners outside SEPLS, private sector)	5
Number of initiatives implemented for each strategic objective.	all
Number of SDGs targets to which IPSI made a contribution	all
Number of targets of the Kunming-Montreal GBF to which IPSI made a contribution	all