

## IPSI Case Study Summary Sheet

Please submit this form along with your case study. We ask that you keep your responses here as concise as possible. This information will be posted on the IPSI website unless otherwise requested. Please inform the IPSI Secretariat if there are any responses you would not like made public.

### Basic Information

Title of case study <i>(should be concise and within approximately 25 words)</i>			
<b>INDIGENOUS PASTORALIST CONSERVATION THROUGH ESTABLISHMENT OF ENVIRONMENTALLY FRIENDLY INCOME GENERATING ACTIVITIES IN TANZANIA</b>			
Submitting IPSI member organization(s)			
PASTORALIST ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL ADVANCEMENT (PESA)			
Other contributing organization(s) <i>(IPSI members and/or non-members)</i>			
Author(s) and affiliation(s)			
ESSAU ERASTO			
Format of case study <i>(manuscript or audiovisual)</i>	MANUSCRIPT	Language	ENGLISH
Keywords <i>(3-5 key concepts included in the case study)</i>			
BEEKEEPING AND ENVIRONMENT CONSERVATION			
Date of submission <i>(or update, if this is an update of an existing case study)</i>		APRIL 2023	
Web link <i>(of the case study or lead organization if available for more information)</i>		www.pesa.or.tz	

### Geographical Information

Country <i>(where site(s) or activities described in the case study are located – can be multiple, or even “global”)</i>									
TANZANIA									
Location(s) <i>(within the country or countries – leave blank if specific location(s) cannot be identified)</i>									
SIMANJIRO DISTRICT, MANYARA REGION									
Longitude/latitude or Google Maps link <i>(if location is identified)</i>									
Simanjiro district is located 3.30 to 5.30 Latitudes (south) and 36.30 to 38 longitudes (East). Simanjiro district cover the area of 20,591 kilometers square, equal to 2,059,100 hectors. According to the 2022 Tanzania National Census, the population of the Simanjiro District was 205,868 it is estimated that pastoralist constitute about 85% of the entire population.									
Ecosystem(s) <i>(please place an “x” in all appropriate boxes)</i>									
Forest	xx	Grassland	xx	Agricultural	xx	In-land water		Coastal	
Dryland	xx	Mountain	xx	Urban/peri-urban		Other (Please specify)			
Socioeconomic and environmental characteristics of the area <i>(within 50 words)</i>									
The area is used by Pastoralist Maasai for livestock keeping and for peasant agriculture, it is the breeding site for wildlife, the area contain forest which is a source of traditional Medicines,									
Description of human-nature interactions in the area <i>(land-use, traditional resource management practices etc. – within 50 words)</i>									
Increasing resource competition over the past few decades’ greater pressure has been put on pastoralist <b>grazing lands and water resources</b> , as populations have increased and grazing land has been taken for cultivation and state use. Pastoral livestock have been squeezed onto lands that are too small to be sustainable for pastoral production, in that regards diversification of income is the way to address the increasing poverty level									

## Contents

<p><i>Note: The following fields are used for information about activities described in the case study or the production of the case study itself, and contents may vary depending on the nature of the case study. For example, a case study about on-the-ground activities may include the rationale, objectives etc. for the activities; a case study about a SEPLS-related policy may describe the policymaking process; or a case study describing a SEPLS may address particular practices used there. Please make an effort to fill as many fields as possible.</i></p>			
Status (“ongoing” or “completed”)	ONGOING	Period (MM/YY to MM/YY)	07/2022 to 06/23
<p>Rationale <i>(why activities or policies described, or information shared in the case study are needed – within 50 words)</i></p> <p>Pastoralists face a number of challenges that hinder their way of life and stifle their ability to adapt to changes in their external environment. The challenges like climate change. The great role is to put in place the strategies aiming to reduce human dangerous activities through awareness creation.</p>			
<p>Objectives <i>(goals of activities or policies described, or of producing the case study – within 50 words)</i></p> <p><b>To enhance the Pastoralist indigenous communities’ capacities and strategies to adapt and mitigate the impact of climate change in area.</b></p>			
<p>Activities and/or practices employed <i>(within 50 words)</i></p> <p>Work with communities to established/ and Strengthened Community Forest Based Income /environmentally friendly income generating groups</p>			
<p>Monitoring methodology <i>(e.g. GIS-based monitoring, citizen science, Resilience Indicators in SEPLS, survey - within 40 words)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Livelihoods protected and improved.</li> <li>- Improved access and control over productive resources and food security for Pastoralist Communities.</li> <li>- Increase in number of community members informed of climate change adaptation, mitigation and coping mechanisms.</li> <li>- Average house hold increase in income level and food security.</li> </ul>			
<p>Results <i>(within 50 words)</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. We experience prolonged Drought which is among the impacts which this project is striving to address by facilitating the communities to take initiatives towards adaptation and reducing the impacts of climate change in the areas.</li> <li>2. Community participated fully and they are willingly to diversify their income</li> </ol>			
<p>Lessons learned <i>(factors in success or failure, challenges and opportunities – within 40 words)</i></p> <p>In order to respond to the impacts of climate change and variability, it is clear that coping and adaptive strategies have to be implemented from the household, community, national and international levels</p>			
<p>Funding <i>(any relevant information about funding of activities or projects described in the case study)</i></p> <p>This project we establish with the support from the community and later we got small support from UNDP small grant program, however we are looking forward to scale the project by establish small processing and packaging units, we identified the project of interest under IPSI to us but we are yet to get collaborators</p>			

## Contributions to Global Agendas

CBD Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework (<https://www.cbd.int/gbf/targets/>)

Please place an "x" under a number to rate how much this case study contributes to each CBD Target.

Note 1: The number scale goes from 1, the lowest rating, to 5, the highest rating. N/A indicates "not applicable".

Note 2: Please only mark those to which the case study has or will actually contribute, not those to which it could potentially contribute in the future.

Target	Description	Contribution						
		1	2	3	4	5	N/A	
1. Reducing threats to biodiversity	1	Ensure that all areas are under participatory, integrated and biodiversity inclusive spatial planning and/or effective management processes addressing land- and sea-use change, to bring the loss of areas of high biodiversity importance, including ecosystems of high ecological integrity, close to zero by 2030, while respecting the rights of indigenous peoples and local communities.					x	
	2	Ensure that by 2030 at least 30 per cent of areas of degraded terrestrial, inland water, and marine and coastal ecosystems are under effective restoration, in order to enhance biodiversity and ecosystem functions and services, ecological integrity and connectivity.					x	
	3	Ensure and enable that by 2030 at least 30 per cent of terrestrial and inland water areas, and of marine and coastal areas, especially areas of particular importance for biodiversity and ecosystem functions and services, are effectively conserved and managed through ecologically representative, well-connected and equitably governed systems of protected areas and other effective area-based conservation measures, recognizing indigenous and traditional territories, where applicable, and integrated into wider landscapes, seascapes and the ocean, while ensuring that any sustainable use, where appropriate in such areas, is fully consistent with conservation outcomes, recognizing and respecting the rights of indigenous peoples and local communities, including over their traditional territories.					x	
	4	Ensure urgent management actions to halt human induced extinction of known threatened species and for the recovery and conservation of species, in particular threatened species, to significantly reduce extinction risk, as well as to maintain and restore the genetic diversity within and between populations of native, wild and domesticated species to maintain their adaptive potential, including through in situ and ex situ conservation and sustainable management practices, and effectively manage human-wildlife interactions to minimize human-wildlife conflict for coexistence.					x	
	5	Ensure that the use, harvesting and trade of wild species is sustainable, safe and legal, preventing overexploitation, minimizing impacts on non-target species and ecosystems, and reducing the risk of pathogen spillover, applying the ecosystem approach, while respecting and protecting customary sustainable use by indigenous peoples and local communities.					x	
	6	Eliminate, minimize, reduce and or mitigate the impacts of invasive alien species on biodiversity and ecosystem services by identifying and managing pathways of					x	

		the introduction of alien species, preventing the introduction and establishment of priority invasive alien species, reducing the rates of introduction and establishment of other known or potential invasive alien species by at least 50 per cent by 2030, and eradicating or controlling invasive alien species, especially in priority sites, such as islands.						
	7	Reduce pollution risks and the negative impact of pollution from all sources by 2030, to levels that are not harmful to biodiversity and ecosystem functions and services, considering cumulative effects, including: (a) by reducing excess nutrients lost to the environment by at least half, including through more efficient nutrient cycling and use; (b) by reducing the overall risk from pesticides and highly hazardous chemicals by at least 8half, including through integrated pest management, based on science, taking into account food security and livelihoods; and (c) by preventing, reducing, and working towards eliminating plastic pollution.					x	
	8	Minimize the impact of climate change and ocean acidification on biodiversity and increase its resilience through mitigation, adaptation, and disaster risk reduction actions, including through nature-based solution and/or ecosystem-based approaches, while minimizing negative and fostering positive impacts of climate action on biodiversity.					x	
2. Meeting people's needs through sustainable use and benefit-sharing	9	Ensure that the management and use of wild species are sustainable, thereby providing social, economic and environmental benefits for people, especially those in vulnerable situations and those most dependent on biodiversity, including through sustainable biodiversity-based activities, products and services that enhance biodiversity, and protecting and encouraging customary sustainable use by indigenous peoples and local communities.					x	
	10	Ensure that areas under agriculture, aquaculture, fisheries and forestry are managed sustainably, in particular through the sustainable use of biodiversity, including through a substantial increase of the application of biodiversity friendly practices, such as sustainable intensification, agroecological and other innovative approaches, contributing to the resilience and long-term efficiency and productivity of these production systems, and to food security, conserving and restoring biodiversity and maintaining nature's contributions to people, including ecosystem functions and services.					x	
	11	Restore, maintain and enhance nature's contributions to people, including ecosystem functions and services, such as the regulation of air, water and climate, soil health, pollination and reduction of disease risk, as well as protection from natural hazards and disasters, through nature-based solutions and/or ecosystem-based approaches for the benefit of all people and nature.					x	
	12	Significantly increase the area and quality, and connectivity of, access to, and benefits from green and blue spaces in urban and densely populated areas sustainably, by mainstreaming the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity, and ensure biodiversity-inclusive urban planning, enhancing native biodiversity, ecological connectivity and integrity, and improving human health and well-being and connection to nature, and contributing to inclusive and				x		



	equitable way, while substantially and progressively reducing them by at least \$500 billion per year by 2030, starting with the most harmful incentives, and scale up positive incentives for the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity.						
19	<p>Substantially and progressively increase the level of financial resources from all sources, in an effective, timely and easily accessible manner, including domestic, international, public and private resources, in accordance with Article 20 of the Convention, to implement national biodiversity strategies and action plans, mobilizing at least \$200 billion per year by 2030, including by:</p> <p>(a) Increasing total biodiversity related international financial resources from developed countries, including official development assistance, and from countries that voluntarily assume obligations of developed country Parties, to developing countries, in particular the least developed countries and small island developing States, as well as countries with economies in transition, to at least \$20 billion per year by 2025, and to at least \$30 billion per year by 2030;</p> <p>(b) Significantly increasing domestic resource mobilization, facilitated by the preparation and implementation of national biodiversity finance plans or similar instruments according to national needs, priorities and circumstances;</p> <p>(c) Leveraging private finance, promoting blended finance, implementing strategies for raising new and additional resources, and encouraging the private sector to invest in biodiversity, including through impact funds and other instruments;</p> <p>(d) Stimulating innovative schemes such as payment for ecosystem services, green bonds, biodiversity offsets and credits, and benefit-sharing mechanisms, with environmental and social safeguards;</p> <p>(e) Optimizing co-benefits and synergies of finance targeting the biodiversity and climate crises;</p> <p>(f) Enhancing the role of collective actions, including by indigenous peoples and local communities, Mother Earth centric actions[1] and non-market-based approaches including community based natural resource management and civil society cooperation and solidarity aimed at the conservation of biodiversity;</p> <p>(g) Enhancing the effectiveness, efficiency and transparency of resource provision and use;</p>					x	
20	Strengthen capacity-building and development, access to and transfer of technology, and promote development of and access to innovation and technical and scientific cooperation, including through South-South, North-South and triangular cooperation, to meet the needs for effective implementation, particularly in developing countries, fostering joint technology development and joint scientific research programmes for the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and strengthening scientific research and monitoring capacities, commensurate with the ambition of the goals and targets of the Framework.					x	





	21	Ensure that the best available data, information and knowledge are accessible to decision makers, practitioners and the public to guide effective and equitable governance, integrated and participatory management of biodiversity, and to strengthen communication, awareness-raising, education, monitoring, research and knowledge management and, also in this context, traditional knowledge, innovations, practices and technologies of indigenous peoples and local communities should only be accessed with their free, prior and informed consent,[2] in accordance with national legislation.				x		
	22	Ensure the full, equitable, inclusive, effective and gender-responsive representation and participation in decision-making, and access to justice and information related to biodiversity by indigenous peoples and local communities, respecting their cultures and their rights over lands, territories, resources, and traditional knowledge, as well as by women and girls, children and youth, and persons with disabilities and ensure the full protection of environmental human rights defenders.				x		
	23	Ensure gender equality in the implementation of the Framework through a gender-responsive approach, where all women and girls have equal opportunity and capacity to contribute to the three objectives of the Convention, including by recognizing their equal rights and access to land and natural resources and their full, equitable, meaningful and informed participation and leadership at all levels of action, engagement, policy and decision-making related to biodiversity.				x		

UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) (<https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/sdgs>)

Please place an “x” in the “direct” or “indirect” boxes next to any of the UN Sustainable Development Goals to which the work described in this case study contributes as appropriate. Note: please mark only those that the case actually has made or is making a contribution, not those to which it could make a potential contribution in the future.

SDG	Description	Direct	Indirect
	End poverty in all its forms everywhere	x	
	End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition, and promote sustainable agriculture	x	
	Ensure healthy lives and promote wellbeing for all at all ages	x	
	Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all	x	
	Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	x	
	Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all	x	
	Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all		x
	Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment, and decent work for all	x	
	Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialisation, and foster innovation	x	
	Reduce inequality within and among countries	x	
	Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable		x
	Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns	x	
	Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts	x	



	<p>Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development</p>		<p>x</p>
	<p>Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification and halt and reverse land degradation, and halt biodiversity loss</p>	<p>x</p>	
	<p>Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels</p>	<p>x</p>	
	<p>Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalise the global partnership for sustainable development</p>	<p>x</p>	