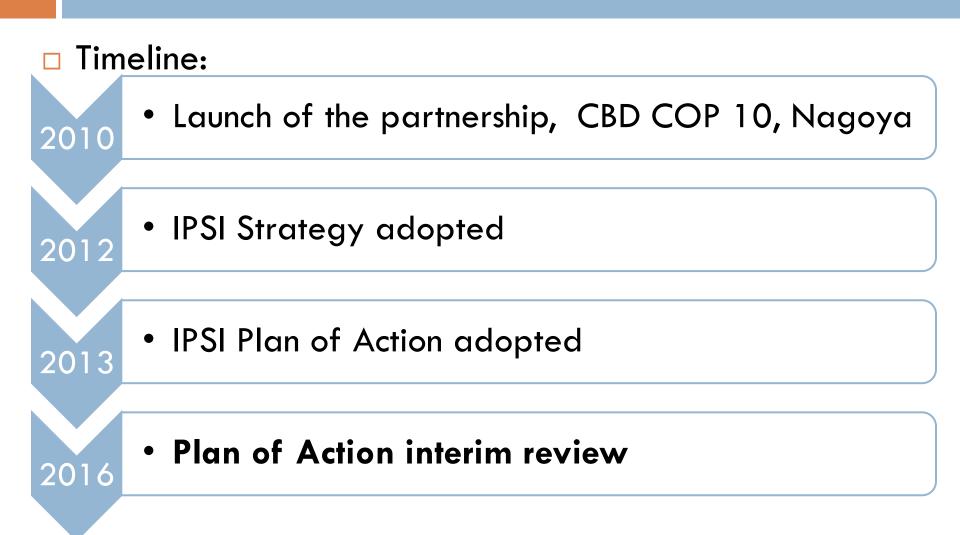


THE INTERNATIONAL PARTNERSHIP FOR THE SATOYAMA INITIATIVE (IPSI): RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Prof. Alfred Oteng-Yeboah Chair, IPSI Steering Committee Chair, Ghana National Biodiversity Committee

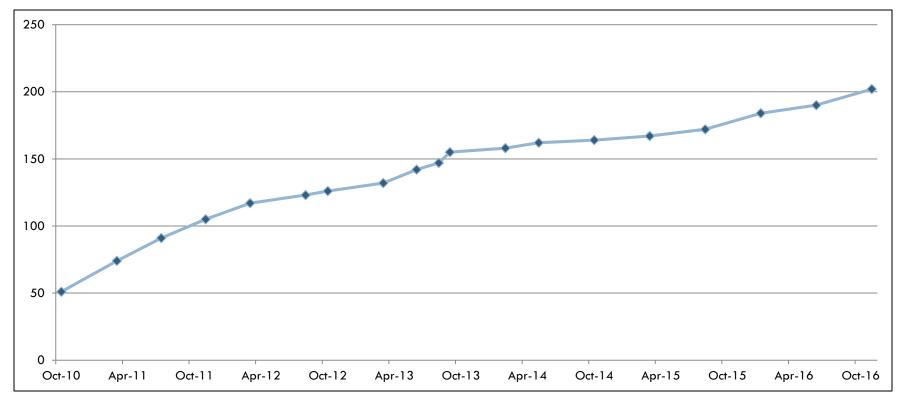


IPSI's history and status: development, growth, recent events and outputs



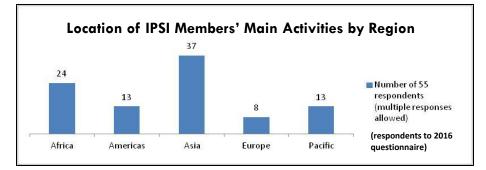
□ IPSI's current status:

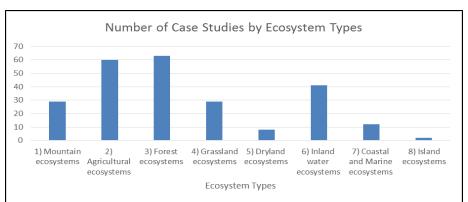
The partnership has grown from original 51 members (2010) to 202 (2016)

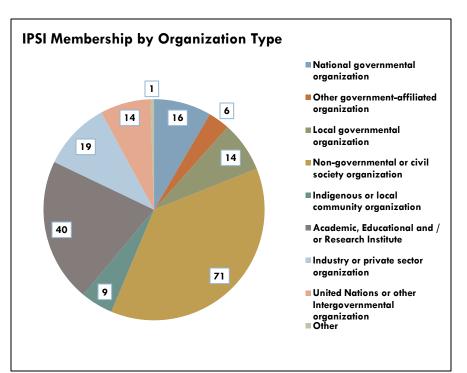


□ IPSI's current status:

Since 2010, improved representation in geographical regions, ecosystems, organization types

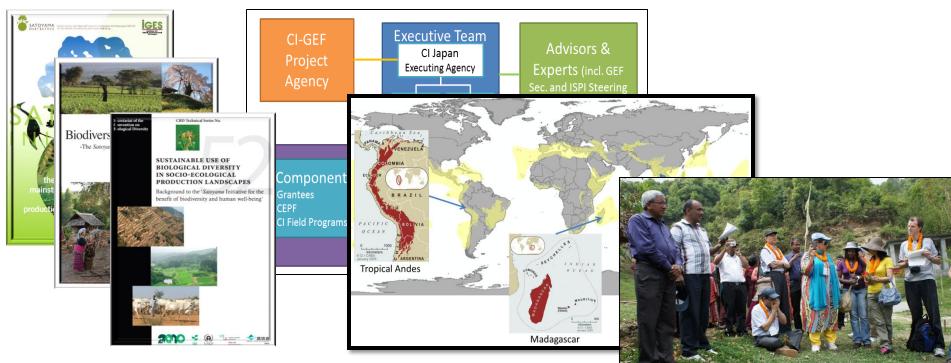






IPSI's current status:

Improved collaborative activities (now 40 endorsed), resource mobilization, capacity-building, knowledge products, and more!



Events: Satoyama Initiative Regional Workshop in Africa 2015

Theme:

"Securing Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services for Sustainable Development in Africa: Status, Trends and Future of Socio-ecological Production Landscapes and Seascapes"



10-12 August 2015, Accra, Ghana

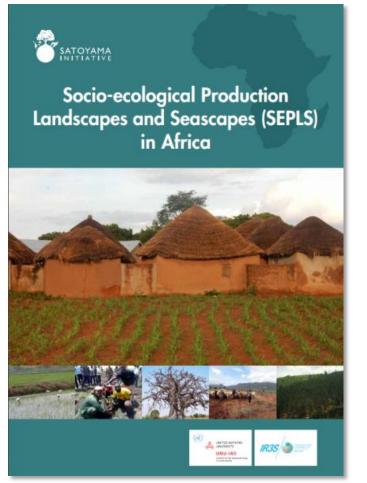
Satoyama Initiative Regional Workshop in Africa 2015: Some main conclusions

There are many projects on-the-ground in Africa, but a need for more coordination and involvement in policy processes

Policy should be streamlined among different governing bodies

There is also need for effective resource mobilization at the regional level

Output: SEPLS in Africa



- 12 case studies from around
 Africa, plus a synthesis chapter
- Focuses on status, trends and threats of SEPLS in Africa, and how to revitalize and conserve them
- Available for distribution at COP
 13, or from the IPSI website

Events: Sixth IPSI Global Conference (IPSI-6)

Theme:

"Planning and reviewing strategic actions for sustainable landscape and seascape management"



12-14 January 2016, Siem Reap, Cambodia

IPSI-6: Some main conclusions

Strategic actions should be planned and developed in line with international processes, including SDGs

Networked bottom-up approaches should be pursued for more effective coordination and partnership

There is also need to reconcile traditional knowledge and modern science

Events: Satoyama Initiative Regional Workshop in Peru 2016

Theme:

"Socio-ecological production landscapes and seascapes (SEPLS) in Latin America and the Caribbean: Harmonious places of beauty, rich biodiversity, and secure livelihoods"



27-29 June 2016, Cusco and Pisac, Peru

Satoyama Initiative Regional Workshop in Peru 2016: Some main conclusions

Landscape and seascape governance must be in line with biocultural reality and with the needs of local communities

On-the-ground practitioners and policymakers need good opportunities to engage with each other

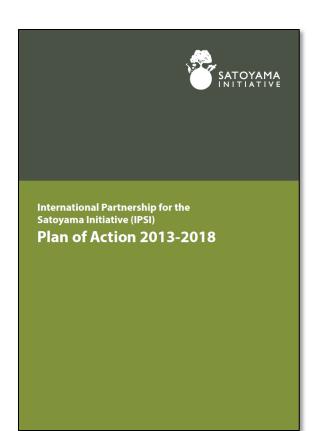
Knowledge held by local communities should be recognized as science and incorporated into policy



IPSI's future outlook: interim review of the IPSI Plan of Action

IPSI Plan of Action

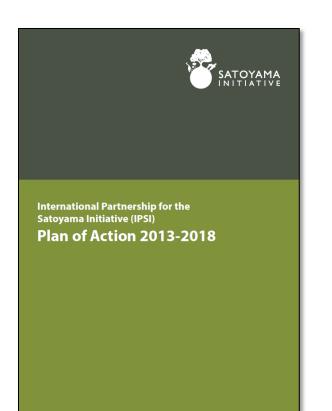
Developed in 2013 to guide IPSI's strategic development



- Strategic objectives:
 - Increasing knowledge and understanding of SEPLS
 - Addressing the direct and underlying causes for decline of SEPLS
 - Enhancing benefits from SEPLS
 - Enhancing capacities for implementation of the Satoyama Initiative

IPSI Plan of Action

Developed in 2013 to guide IPSI's strategic development



- Mechanisms for implementation
 - Building the partnership
 - Promoting collaborative activities
 - Collaboration with relevant international agreements, initiatives, programmes, and networks

Interim Review: Methodology

Carried out in 2016 to assess IPSI's current status and future directions

Main components:

Questionnaire survey of all IPSI members

Discussions at IPSI events

Surveys of IPSI case studies and collaborative activities

Guidance from IPSI Steering Committee

Interim Review: Conclusions

IPSI's future directions:

- It is time to move from an "establishment and growth" phase to an "implementation and consolidation" phase
- The science side of the SEPLS concept should be further bolstered, particularly in terms of integrating traditional knowledge and modern science
- Knowledge products should be pursued to demonstrate the advantage of SEPLS-based approaches within and beyond IPSI

Interim Review: Conclusions

- IPSI's future directions:
 - Efforts should continue to be made toward on-the-ground contributions in as broad a range of SEPLS as possible
 - Strategic development in line with evolving global agendas: SDGs, CBD after the Aichi Targets, post-2020 agenda
 - We need to secure reliable, diverse long-term funding for IPSI to continue successes

Thank you for your attention!





Members of the IPSI Steering Committee and Secretariat